

災害管理與危機應變

Practice Worksheet

A. Vocabulary - Write the English word

Write the correct English word for each Chinese meaning.

1. 災害 (n.) _____
2. 大災難 (n.) _____
3. 疏散 (n.) _____
4. 傷亡者 (n.) _____
5. 餘波; 善後 (n.) _____
6. 殘骸; 碎片 (n.) _____
7. 震動 (n.) _____
8. 震央 (n.) _____
9. 規模; 震級 (n.) _____
10. 地震的 (adj.) _____
11. 土石流 (n.) _____
12. 洪水 (n./v.) _____
13. 乾旱 (n.) _____
14. 飢荒 (n.) _____
15. 流行病 (n.) _____

B. Grammar - Choose the correct answer

1. The earthquake's _____ was located fifty kilometers offshore.
(A) epicenter (B) aftermath
(C) debris (D) magnitude
2. Emergency teams were _____ to the disaster zone within hours.
(A) allocated (B) deployed
(C) decontaminated (D) stockpiled
3. The _____ from the collapsed building blocked the entire street.
(A) rubble (B) siren
(C) levee (D) curfew

4. A _____ plan should be prepared before any crisis occurs.
(A) contingency (B) contagious
(C) chronic (D) catastrophic
5. Authorities _____ residents from areas at risk of flooding.
(A) evacuated (B) contaminated
(C) deteriorated (D) submerged
6. The disease is highly _____ and spreads through airborne droplets.
(A) contagious (B) acute
(C) endemic (D) volatile
7. The _____ system alerted residents before the tsunami arrived.
(A) early warning (B) supply chain
(C) crisis management (D) risk assessment
8. Volunteers filled _____ to protect the riverbank from flooding.
(A) sandbags (B) rubble
(C) debris (D) rations
9. The storm had a _____ impact on coastal infrastructure.
(A) devastating (B) makeshift
(C) precautionary (D) logistical
10. Post-disaster _____ requires significant time and resources.
(A) reconstruction (B) surveillance
(C) containment (D) triage

C. Listening - Go to learn.chparenting.com to listen

1. 發生了什麼事?
(A) An earthquake hit the coast
(B) A hurricane is approaching
(C) A volcano erupted nearby
(D) A flood warning was issued
2. 救援組織做了什麼?
(A) Aid was given to disaster victims
(B) Supplies were sold at a market
(C) A new shelter was built permanently
(D) Volunteers returned home
3. 當局發布什麼命令?
(A) People must leave the river area
(B) The river is safe for swimming
(C) Flood levels are decreasing
(D) Residents can return home
4. 颶風造成什麼影響?
(A) Many people died in the hurricane
(B) The hurricane caused no damage
(C) Rescue operations were cancelled
(D) Two hundred people were rescued

5. 預警系統做了什麼？

- (A) People were warned before the tsunami
- (B) The tsunami arrived without warning
- (C) The warning system failed
- (D) Seismic activity was not detected

D. Reading - Go to learn.chparenting.com to read the passage

1. What is the main topic of this passage?

- (A) Disaster preparedness and its importance
- (B) How to predict earthquakes
- (C) The history of natural disasters
- (D) Emergency medical procedures

2. According to the passage, what helps communities recover more quickly?

- (A) Having more hospitals
- (B) Regular drills and emergency supply kits
- (C) Building taller structures
- (D) Hiring more firefighters

3. Why are developing nations more vulnerable?

- (A) They have more natural disasters
- (B) They lack infrastructure and funding
- (C) Their populations are larger
- (D) They refuse international aid

4. Which is NOT mentioned as a government investment?

- (A) Early warning systems
- (B) Emergency shelters
- (C) Communication networks
- (D) Military bases

5. What does 'disproportionately' mean in this context?

- (A) Equally
- (B) To a lesser degree
- (C) To a greater degree than expected
- (D) Temporarily

